







Local Governance and Community Development Programme II (Transition to Sub National Governance Programme)

Policy and Program Support Facility Annual Progress Report 2017



A group of elected Deputy Mayors and Vice Chairs during the Orientation Program of the newly elected Public officials of Province 3



PROJECT PROFILE

About the Project	Geographic coverage			
Project Title: Local Governance and Community	National level coverage (Yes/No): Yes			
Development Programme (LGCDP) II: Policy and Program	Number of provinces covered: 7			
Support Facility (PPSF)	Number of Districts Covered: 77			
Award ID: 00078361	Number of Municipalities Covered: 293			
Web link: www.lgcdp.gov.np	Number of Gaunpalikas Covered: 460			

Strategic Results

UNDP Strategic Plan Outcome 3: Countries have strengthened institutions to progressively deliver universal access to basic services

UNDP Strategic Plan Output 3.2: Functions, financing and capacity of sub-national level institutions enabled to deliver improved basic services and respond to priorities voiced by the public

UNDAF Outcome 5: Institutions, systems, and processes of democratic governance are more accountable and effective

Project Outcomes:

Outcome 1: Effective Implementation of LGCDP II at all levels of the Government

Outcome 2: Improved Policy advice and capacity support for development for overall service delivery at the local level

Outcome 3: Greater efficiency and effectiveness in programme coordination and oversight

UNDAF/CPAP Output 5.2: Provincial and local bodies can plan, budget, monitor, report and deliver inclusive government services.

Project Outputs:

Output 1. Programme Coordination Unit (PCU) strengthened and fully operational

Output 2: Regional Coordination Unit (RCU) established and operational

Output 3: Technical support provided to Local Government Institutions (LGI)

Output 4: Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to LGCDP II

Output 5: Strengthened overall capacity of MoFALD to manage TA (including Volunteers)

Output 6: Capacity of national and sub-national institutions to manage and implement local service functions strengthened

Output 7: Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to DPs and the Government

Output 8: Efficient and effective quality assurance, programme monitoring, documentation, and evaluation provided to ensure that LGCDP II delivered stated outcomes and outputs

evaluation provided to ensure that buedr in derivered stated outcomes and outputs							
Project Duration	Implementing Partner(s)	Implementation					
(day/month/year)		Modality					
Start Date: 15 July 2013	1. Ministry of Federal	NIM					
End Date: 15 July 2018	Affairs and Local						
	Development (

Signature:

Name: Ke Sham Lal Cande

National Programme Manager

Signature:

Name:

Country Director



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ABBREVIATIONS

AMEP		Annual Monitoring and Evaluation Programme						
ASIP	:	nnual Strategic Implementation Plan						
AWP	:	nual Work Plan						
CAC	:	Citizen Awareness Centre						
CBO	:	Community Based Organization						
CD	:	Capacity Development						
CFLG	:	Child-Friendly Local Governance						
CSO		Civil Society Organization						
DCC	:	District Coordination Committee						
DDC		District Development Committee						
DFID		Department for International development						
DOLIDAR		Department of Local Infrastructure Development and Agricultural Road						
D/MSMCC	:	District/Municipality Monitoring Coordination Committee						
DP	1	Development Partner						
DRR	1	Disaster Risk Reduction						
EFLG		Environment Friendly Local Governance						
FAQ		Frequently Asked Questions						
FCGO	•	Financial Comptroller General Office						
FM	9	Frequency Modulation						
GESI		Gender Equality and Social Inclusion						
GIS		Geographical Information System						
GoN		Government of Nepal						
GRB	-	Gender Responsive Budget						
ICT	+:-	Information & Communication Technology						
IPFC	<u> </u>	Integrated Plan Formulation Committee						
IT	+:-	Information Technology						
JFA	-	Joint Financial Agreement						
LB	:	Local Bodies						
		Local Body's Fiscal Commission						
LBFC	<u> </u>	Local Development Officer						
LDTA	:	Local Development Training Academy						
LDTA	<u> </u>	Local Government						
LG	-	Local Government Local Governance and Community Development Programme						
LGCDP	:	Local Government Institutions						
LGI	+ :	Livelihood Improvement Programme						
LIP	:	Local Level Financial Management Information System						
LLFMIS	+	Local Level Restructuring Commission						
LLRC	- :	Monthly Activity Report						
MAR	<u> </u>	Municipal Administration and Revenue System						
MARS	:	Minimum Conditions and Performance Measures						
MCPM	- :	Ministry of Federal Affairs and Local Development						
MoFALD	:							
MToT		Master Training of Trainers						
NAC	:	National Advisory Committee						
NFY	;	Nepali Fiscal Year						
NUNV	:	National United Nations Volunteers						
M&E	27	Monitoring and Evaluation						

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PCU	:	Programme Coordination Unit
PFM	:	Public Financial Management
PIS	:	Personal Information System
PPSF	:	Policy and Programme Support Facility
PRF	:	Program Recruitment Facility
PSU	:	Provincial Support Unit
RBM	:	Result-based Monitoring
RCU	:	Regional Coordination Unit
REFLECT	:	Regenerated Freirean Literacy through Empowering Community Techniques
SDC	:	Swiss Development Cooperation
SNGP		Sub-national Governance Programme
TA	:	Technical Assistance
TASC	1	Technical Assistance Sub Committee
TMP	1	Transitional Management Plan
ToR	:	Terms of Reference
TSNGP		Transition to Sun-national governance Programme
UCPA	:	Underlying Causes of poverty Analysis
UN	:	United Nations
UNDP	1	United Nations Development Fund
UNCDF	1	United Nations Capital Development Fund
UNFPA		United Nations Population Fund
UNICEF	:	United Nations Children's Fund
UNJP	:	United Nations Joint Financing
UNSCR	1	United Nations Security Council Resolutions
UNV	3	United Nations Volunteer
USD		United States Dollar
VDC	:	Village Development Committee
VERSS		Vital Event Registration and Social security
WCF		Ward Citizen Forum

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Policy and Programme Support Facility (PPSF), under the UN Joint Programme (UNJP) comprising of UNDP, UNCDF and UNV is providing Technical Assistance (TA) to the Local Governance and Community Development Programme II (LGCDP II)-Transition to Sub-National Goverance Programme (TSNGP), a national flagship programme of the Ministry of Federal Affairs and Local Development (MoFALD). The TA support focuses on policy research and capacity development for service delivery, coordination and oversight mechanisms. The Programme Coordination Unit (PCU) at the centre and seven Provincial Support Units (PCUs) are providing technical backstopping to MoFALD and local bodies (now local governments) for the program implementation, coordination, monitoring and reporting. The PPSF ensures timely implementation of main activities of the Program. This document reports the progress made by the PPSF in 2017 against the Annual Strategic Implementation Plan (ASIP) of the Program and Annual Work Plan of the PPSF.

As Nepal transitted from unitary to federal governance configuration, it went through historic and unprecented political changes which effectively changed its governnce structures. When it was becoming clear that the elections for three spheres of government, namely federal, provincial and local, were to be organized in 2017, the programme realized that it needed to support MoFALD in the dynamic scenario. The Programme was quick to adapt to the evolving situation and made significant progress in response to the new situation. Accordingly, the PPSF helped achieve the progreammetic objective and results.

Firstly, the PPSF provided techincal assistance to MoFALD in drafting the Local Government Operation Bill 2074 and Bills on six Constitutional Commissions which were enacted in 2017. It also supported MoFALD in preparing more than 20 model local laws as required by the constitutional mandates which have been shared with local governments. Local governments are reported to have adopted many of them through their assemblies. Further, PPSF provided its assistance to develop various outreach and education materials such as LG resource book, book containing basic information on each LG, Frequently Ask Questions (FAQs) on local government, etc. MoFALD prepared legislative framework on transitional operation and management of local government and service delivery dealing with staff management, financial management, project management, property management and continuity of the service delivery through newly established local governments for which the Project team provided their substantive inputs and facilitated the dissemination to the local governments

Besides the policy support as detailed above, the programme realized policy supports needed to be supplemented by capacity development activities which enabled the duty bearers at the local governments to smoothly function as per the competencies given by the Constitution and related Acts. Therefore, the programme provided support to organize orientation programme to build capacities of 827 newly elected Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Chairs and Vice Chairs of local governments of the provinces no. 2, 3, 4 and 6. Similarly, capacity of 733 Chief Administrative Officers from seven provinces and 73 DCOs has been developed on local government operational issues through PPSF support. The PPSF also supported other capacity building initiatives such as experience sharing workshop on Fiscal Federalism, on Revenue improvement Action Plans of selected municipalities, sub-metropolitan cities, as well as rural municipalities, induction training to LGCDP II focal persons, Master Training of Trainers (MToT) and Orientation Programme on Local Government Operation and Management, workshop for the development of Website for rural municipalities, and training on Appreciative Inquiry and Theory of Change to all LGCDP staff, regional consultative meeting, etc. These initiatives helped improve the capacity of the elected representatives, local level staff and LGCDP staff working at central and provincial levels which is one of the priority areas of LGCDP II-TSNGP.

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PPSF significantly supported for the local level restructuring processes including the development of criteria/standards for local level restructuring aiming to transform the then prevailing local bodies to a viable size such that they are able to take up the assigned constitutional competencies. Previously, there were 3,374 local body units comprising of one metropolitan city, 12 sub-metropolitan cities, and 204 municipalities and 3,157 VDCs. There were 3,057 wards in municipalities in total, and 28,423 wards in the VDCs. Now, these units have been re-organized into a total of 753 local government governments as shown in below.

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Province Metrop Sub Wards Municip Wards Wards Rural Wards Total Total olitan Metropoli ality Municipality LGs Wards City tan City Total No. 3,119 3,216 6,743

Table 1: The numbers of newly established municipalities and rural municipalities

The Programme provided substantial support for organisation of consultations with parliamentarians, political party members, experts and stakeholders at federal, provincial and local levels for the restructuring process. Furthermore, this support was extended. The Programme also supported in the areas of GIS mapping, report preparation and its publication in Nepal Gazette.

The PCU engaged to prepare MoFALD 3rd trimester financial management report and ASIP of FY 2016/17. Technical support was also provided to prepare an unaudited financial management report of FY 2016/17 for FCGO certification. In addition, PCU and PSUs heavily engaged to prepare audit follow up action plans to expedite the audit arrears settlement process. More than 51% audit arrears related to LGCDP have been settled in the year 2017. At the province level, PSUs engaged to collect detail audit reports of DCCs related to LGCDP II, analyze audit arrears of DCCs and supported to prepare district wise audit arrears action plans. PSUs also facilitated LGs to nurture better understanding on conditions associated with LGCDP/TSNGP budget.

IT based working culture of MoFALD and local governments have further been improved through PPSF support. Different ICT products such as MOFALD's Office Automation System, website for newly established LGs, interactive map with details of the local governments, mobile application for MOFALD, knowledge management blog with its mobile application, volunteer management system, TSNGP monitoring system, etc. have been developed.

For establishing e-governance infrastructure in all local governments, TSNGP has provisioned for recruitment of IT Officers at all 753 local units. Young computer and electronics engineers are serving in various local governments, as IT officers, where they are responsible for supporting the development and operationalization of websites, software and IT infrastructure.

For better coordination and harmonization among development partners and the Government of Nepal, the PPSF provided various technical supports mainly in regularly updating the DPs on LGCDP-TSNGP,

preparation of Annual Strategic Implementation Plan 2017/18, developing TSNGP and SNGP program documents and organizing various coordination meetings in MoFALD.

Five key results achieved in 2017

PPSF contributed to the achievement of the following key results:

- 1. Enactment of Local Government Operation Act-2074, and the acts related to six Constitutional Commissions and development of more than 20 model laws for local governments;
- 2. Reorganization of the local government units in the spirit of the roles and responsibilities given by the Constitution;
- 3. Settlement of more than 51% audit arrears related to LGCDP;
- 4. Improvement in e-governance systems with the development and operationalization of various IT products in MOFALD and local governments;
- 5. 827 local governments' officials enabled to take on their new roles through their orientation on their powers and responsibilities as per the Constitution and the legal framework.

2. BACKGROUND AND RATIONALE

In 2017, The Government of Nepal (GoN) created 753 local government units by streamlining more than 3,200 local bodies to enable them to internalize the constitutional roles given to them. The GoN conducted local elections through May to September 2017. Consequently, all local governments have assumed office and carried out their functions, despite challenges faced in the current transitional phase. The completion of federal and provincial level elections is another landmark towards implementation of the Constitution of Nepal.

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Program Co-ordination

The LGCDP II ended on 15 July 2017 and the new programme LGCDP II- Transition to Sub-National Governance Program (TSNGP) is in effect since 16 July 2017 for a year until 15 July 2018. It has been anticipated that there will be a new program Sub National Governance Programme from July 2018 onwards. The PPSF supported to LGCDP II and TSNGP programs in 2017 and this report covers progress achieved by both LGCDP II and LGCDP-TSNGP programs through PPSF support.

UNDP, UNCDF, and UNV, with funding from DfID, Norway, Denmark, provided technical support to the Program through the Policy and Programme Support Facility (PPSF). The main purpose of the PPSF is to support institutionalization process of sub-national governments as well as for smoother and efficient transition management. As such, PPSF has provided TA to the Program to achieve the programmatic objectives and targets as outlined in the LGCDP- II project document, TSNGP project document, Annual Strategic Implementation Plan (ASIP) and annual monitoring and evaluation plan (AMEP).

PPSF has been supporting in three outcomes areas that correspond to three pillars of support to LGCDP II. Pillar one is intended to support the effective implementation of LGCDP II at all levels of the Government; pillar two aims at improved policy advice and capacity development support for better overall service delivery at the local level; and pillar three deals with greater efficiency and effectiveness in programme coordination and oversight.

3. PROJECT SUMMARY AND OBJECTIVES

The primary objective of PPSF is to support effective implementation of the LGCDP II and TSNGP at all levels through the provision of technical assistance. The total budget of PPSF is USD 13.5 million, out of which USD 12.5 million is fully funded. The estimated budget for 2017/18 under the Policy and Programme Support Facility/UNJP is US\$ 2.735 million.

LGCDP II outputs:

- o Programme Coordination Unit (PCU) strengthened and fully operational
- Regional Coordination Unit (RCU) established and operational
- Technical support provided to Local Government Institutions (LGI)
- Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to LGCDP II
- Strengthened overall capacity of MoFALD to manage TA (including Volunteers)
- Capacity of national and sub-national institutions to manage and implement local service functions strengthened
- Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to DPs and the Government
- o Efficient and effective quality assurance, programme monitoring, documentation, and evaluation provided to ensure that LGCDP II delivered stated outcomes and outputs

TSNGP primary focus Outputs

- o Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to LGCDP II
- o Capacity of national and sub-national institutions to manage and implement local service functions strengthened

Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to DPs and the Government

4. PROGRAMMATIC REVISIONS

The program period of LGCDP II ended on 15 July 2017 and the new programme LGCDP- TSNGP came into effect since 16 July 2017 for one year until 15 July 2018. In the changed context, PPSF support discontinued outcome 1 and corresponding 3 outputs. Similarly, one output under outcome 2 and one output under outcome 3 also discontinued. The below table highlights the status (blue shade indicates the dropped outcome and outputs)

Outcomes	Outputs							
Outcome 1: Effective	1. Programme Coordination Unit strengthened and fully operational							
implementation of LGCDP II	2. Regional Coordination Units (RCU) Established and operational							
at all levels of the	3. Technical support provided to local governments							
Government								
Outcome 2: Improved policy	4. Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice, research,							
advice and capacity support	The state of the s							
for development for better	5. Strengthen overall capacity of MoFALD to manage TA							
overall service delivery at the	6. Capacity of federal and sub-national institutions to manage							
local level.	transition into the federal form of governance							
Outcome 3: Greater	7. Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to							
efficiency and effectiveness	the DPs and the Government							
in programme coordination and quality assurance 8. Efficient and effective quality assurance, programme more documentation, and evaluation are provided to ensurance								
								LGCDP II stated outcomes and outputs

5. NARRATIVE ON KEY RESULTS ACHIEVED IN 2017

5.1 Progress towards Outcome One: Effective Implementation of LGCDP II at all levels of the Government

Prior to TSNGP being in place, the PPSF supported various activities under Outcome 1 for the effective implementation of LGCDP II at all levels of the government. The thematic specialists stationed at PCU and RCUs supported the effective implementation of LGCDP II at all levels of the government. Major achievements are highlighted below.

The Annual Strategic plan for the fiscal year 2074/75 was timely prepared and the PCU and RCUs provided effective coordination and technical support to MoFALD and LGs throughout the country. The institutional set up of LGCDP II transformed from Six RCUs to seven Provincial Support Units (PSUs). Formulation of policy directives and guideline for social mobilization; GESI audit and reporting; CSO peer review meeting, timely progress reporting to MoFALD and DPs are other achievements contributing to effective implementation of LGCDP II.

More than 51% Audit arrears related to LGCDP have been settled in 2017 for which PCUs and RSUs facilitated to collect detailed audit reports of DCCs.

IT based working culture of MoFALD further improved through PPSF support. Different ICT products developed which include- info-graphics, MOFALD's Office Automation System, GIS support for LLRC, local level details, MARS roll out strategy etc. and enhanced capacity of the concerned staff through training emphasizing on institutionalizing these IT products. With the aim to inform and create public awareness on local governance issues, PPSF also supported to develop and broadcast television programme.

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The PPSF supported local governments through Provincial Support Units mainly in the area of local level coordination, workshop and training, mainstreaming cross cutting issues, ICT, planning, monitoring, reporting etc.

Program Co-ordination

Progress towards Outcome Two: Improved policy advice and capacity support for development for overall service delivery at the local level

After July 16, 2017 when the TSNGP was put in place, PPSF Outcome-1 was merged into Outcome-2. Therefore, both technical contributions of TSNGP technical experts and achievements through PPSF technical supports are highlighted under this outcome area.

PPSF supported to carry out two study reports namely a) Projection and collection of taxes for provinces and local governments in the changed federal context and b) Designing a Framework for Sub-National Government Financing through Borrowing in the context of Fiscal Federalism in Nepal. The PPSF also supported to prepare Revenue Improvement Action Plans of local governments. MoFALD obtained policy advice and shared experience on Fiscal Federalism through workshops and national consultative meetings.

The GoN established 753 LG units by restructuring the earlier prevailing 3,374 local units. During this process, PPSF provided support particularly in the areas of GIS mapping, report preparation and its publication in Nepal Gazette. This support was extended in the processes of developing criteria/standards for local level restructuring.

Feedbacks on draft Bill on Local Government Operation were collected from local level stakeholders in provinces 3, 6 & 7 through PPSF's assistance. Similar consultation events were conducted with parliamentarians, political party members, experts and stakeholders at federal, provincial and local levels.

Promulgation of Local Government Operation Act, 2074 and Acts related to Six Constitutional Commissions are some of the major achievements of this year. MoFALD detailed out the constitutionally scheduled functions of levels of government, specific to local government. The unbundled functions are now internalized in the Local Government Operation Act. PPSF also supported the unofficial translation from Nepali to English of the important Acts and Bills through the DP Cells.

MoFALD prepared legislative framework on transitional operation and management of local government and service delivery dealing with staff management, financial management, project management, property management and continuity of the service delivery through newly established local government. PPSF provided support to MoFALD in preparation of more than 20 model laws in line with the Constitution- many of which have been adapted and adopted by the local governments. Also, PPSF supported to improve access to information through development of various outreach materials such as LG resource book, FAQs on local governance and LG details. Basic information of each LGs has been compiled in the form of a book and disseminated to all LGs and stakeholders.

Capacity building support was provided to 827 newly elected Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Chairs and Vice Chairs of local governments of Provinces no. 2, 3, 4 and 6 through a number of orientation programs. Similarly, capacity of 733 Chief Administrative Officers and 73 LDOs developed on local government operational issues through PPSF support. MoFALD is creating and maintaining a roster of various thematic experts, coaches and mentors to expedite capacity building process at all levels of government.

PPSF supported to develop Knowledge Management Blog with its mobile application, Volunteer management system, website of newly established LGs prototype of local governance portal and budgetary activities in LMBIS. These systems are now operational.

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ditad Community Development Technical support was provided to prepare an unaudited financial management report of FY 2016/17 for FCGO certification. In addition, PCU and PSUs engaged to prepare audit follow-up action plans to expedite the audit arrears settlement process.

Progress towards Outcome Three: Greater efficiency and effectiveness in programme coordination and oversight

For better coordination and harmonization among development partners and between development partners and Government of Nepal, the PPSF has provided updated status in the implementation of LGCDP II-TSNGP activities to development partners and provided technical feedback to MoFALD on a regular basis.

The Annual Strategic Implementation Plan 2017/18 was prepared with technical support of DP Cell. Moreover, it has provided support to prepare narrative summary of ASIP 2017/18 along with milestones for each output. The DP Cell has helped to track progress on audit irregularities through regular contact with the Finance Section of MoFALD, PCU and PSUs, which helped to reduce the outstanding audit arrears.

The DP Cell provided support to prepare the Addendum to the Joint Financing Arrangement for the LGCDP II-TSNGP. The Addendum to the JFA has been signed between the GoN and DfID, SDC, Norway, UNICEF, UN Women and UNFPA.

The PPSF provided support to prepare the Terms of Reference for formulation of SNGP along the contours of the SNGP concept note endorsed by the NAC and the GoN. It has facilitated the Joint Task Force formed under the chair of Joint Secretary, Planning and Foreign Coordination Division, MoFALD to organize series of meetings to design TSNGP and anticipated SNGP. The SNGP design team has submitted final report to MoFALD which is under review by the Ministry.

5.2 Progress on Project Outputs

Table 2: Progress on Output Indicators

		Government of New Jones of State of Sta	West of the second
Means of verification	Staff attendance	Trimester progress reports Meeting Minutes	Monitoring visit by PCU
Cumulativ e progress up to 2017	All positions of thematic experts fulfilled	Trimester progress reports prepared on time by RCUs and PSUs. Output group meeting	planned 7 provincial units functional
2017 Progress	All positions of thematic experts fulfilled	Trimester progress reports prepared on time by RCUs and PSUs. Output group meeting	planned 7 provincial units functional
2017 Milestone	Thematic experts and supporting staff have been recruited and PCU operational in full capacity	Improved trimester reporting against the planned activities in ASIP Quarterly output group meetings take place.	Strengthened 7 provincial units
Progress up to 2016	13 thematic experts and supporting staff have been recruited and PCU operational in full capacity	Trimester progress reports prepared by RCUs and PCU and shared in Sub- NAC meeting All output group meeting held on time i.e. 3 times in a	Year 2015/16 as per plan 6 RCUs operational
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017	Thematic staff, supporting staff to be recruited and PCU fully operational	Improved trimester reporting against the planned activities in ASIP Quarterly output group meetings take place.	6 RCU providing TA in 6 thematic areas across the country.
Baseline	PCU in existence as established under LGCDP I with weak capacity. Need to continue support	Irregular progress reporting Output Group meeting takes place	on ad-hoc basis 5 RCUs in existence estad under LGCDP I with limited
Output indicator	Full PCU established in MoFALD, % of planned experts are recruited for PCU	Improved trimester progress reporting against planned activities in ASIP Timely and effective output group	meetings 6 Planned RCUs established by end 2013/14
Output statement	Output 1: Programme Coordination Unit (PCU) strengthened and fully operational		Output 2: Regional Coordination Unit (RCU) Established

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Means of verification				.9,		n Co-	mual ordit ecr. V	in Section	Tine.			MCPM result	LBFC website,	www.ibic.gov.	
Cumulativ e progress up to 2017	Conducted M&E activities regularly by RCUs/PSUs							100%	pianned experts	have been	recruited	MCPM	exercise	due to	restructuri ng.
2017 Progress	Conducted M&E activities regularly		100 mm		100			100%	experts	have been	recruited	NA			
2017 Milestone	Conduct M&E activities 7 PSUs in existence							% of planned	recruited as per	TASC TA plan		NA			
Progress up to 2016	100% planned experts are stationed in RCU. Six RCUs in existence		100% of trimester and	annual progress	submitted by	RCU on time		100% planned	Ţ,			MCPM	assessment is being carried	ĭ	
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017	RCUs fully operational with 36 technical experts in three thematic areas providing necessary technical assistance to	S.										Local bodies	receive performance		grant based
Baseline	5 RCUs in existence as established under LGCDP I with limited capacity												practice of formula	based grants	2
Output ndicato	% of planned experts actually recruited for RCU as per TASC TA plan		% of trimester	and annual	reports	submitted by RCU on		% of planned	experts	actually recruited as	per TASC TA plan	Jo %	fargeted failing or	ning	
Output	operational							Output 3: Technical	support	provided to LBs					

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Means of verification		LGCDP Annual progress report	- Co.	LBFC reports
Cumulativ e progress up to 2017		Own source revenue of old 58 municipaliti es increased at 16% 34%	of new 133 municipaliti es and 6% of DDCs in 2072/73.	Given the changed context the MCPM is no longer applicable. The Natural Resource and Fiscal Commissio n has been mandated to recommend the grant allocation
2017 Progress		Own source revenue of old 58 municipaliti es increased at 16%, 34%,	of new 133 municipaliti es and 6% of DDCs in 2072/73.	Given the changed context the MCPM is no longer applicable.
2017 Milestone		LBs own source revenue increased by at least 10%		Given the changed context the MCPM is no longer applicable.
Progress up to 2016		NA		Some of the Government Grant allocations have been based on the MCPM assessments.
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017	on Minimum Conditions Performance Measures (MCPM)	LB's own source revenue increases by 10%.		Effective MCPM system in place.
Baseline		No local revenue guidance in place		MCPM in place but needs to be updated
Output indicator	based on MCPM assessments	% of DDC and % of MuNs have well equipped organizatio nal setup	and guidelines for revenue administrati on and collection	Government Grants allocated and transferred based on updated allocation formula and MCPM system
Output statement		Output 4: Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to	LGCDP II	

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Means of verification			And Co-ordinal	
Cumulativ e progress up to 2017	formula to the Governmen t.	MIS system was developed and institutiona lized in the Department of Civil	Registration under MoFALD. A strategy to roll out the use of the MIS system with phased agent banking for transfer of social protection payments has been drafted.	
2017 Progress		With the restructuring of local governments, the MIS system has to be undated to	be in line new structures.	NA
2017 Milestone	100	100% districts using social protection MIS developed under HDSPP		NA
Progress up to 2016		NA		PRF partly operational, 292 LGCDP focal person on board.
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017		NA		Conduct a PRF study and operationaliz e a PRF for
Baseline		Social protection MIS system inexistent		No TA procuremen t system in place.
Output	24°	% districts using social protection MIS developed under HDSPP		PRF operational and PRF regulatory
Output				Output 5: Strengthen overall capacity of MoFALD to

			Concommon a	Perment of keys	West of the second seco
Means of verification			13. ₇₀	LB's webpage	Meeting Minute
Cumulativ e progress			70 DDC, 58 Municipaliti es and 1837 VDCs passed MCPM in NFY	100%- MoFALD developed new Websites of	functional and providing one door service for LGCDP II coordination among DPs and
2017 Progress		NA	N	100%- MoFALD developed new Websites of	DP cell is functional and providing one door service for LGCDP II coordination
2017 Milestone		NA	NA	Developed official website of all LGs	One door service for LGCDP II coordination
Progress up to 2016		The task force formed to operationalize the strategy at work.	70 DDC, 58 Municipalities and 1837 VDCs passed MCPM in NFY 2070/71.	75 DDC and 217 Municipalities have their official website	Effective Coordination provided through the DP Cell to all DPs supporting the programme. All National Advisory
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017	procuring and maintaining TA.	A national CD strategy endorsed and implemented			A functional DP coordination cell coordinating LGCDP DPs
Baseline		No National CD strategy			DP coordinatio n requiring integration.
Output indicator	framework in place	National CD Strategy approved and operationali zed	% reduction of failed MC	% of information system updated and digitized	One door service for LGCDP II coordinatio n
Output	manage TA (including Volunteers)	Output 6: Capacity of national and subnational institutions to manage	and implement local service functions is strengthened		Output 7: Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to the DPs and the Government

								100	Ministroth OF A	Cover	nmen	OT INC.		
Means of verification		Meeting Minutes					AMEP Report					RBM Online	RBM)	,
Cumulativ e progress up to 2017	governmen t.	Quarterly TASC	meeting held	Mid Term	Review	conducted	AMEP of	each fiscal	year prepared	•		Update	RBM	
2017 Progress	,	3 TASC meeting	held till November 2017	NA			Prepared	AMEP	701//18			LGCDP	regularly	updated.
2017 Milestone		Conduct TASC meeting		NA			AMEP 2017/18	developed				Update LGCDP	WOW THE STREET	
Progress up to 2016	Committee meetings held.	3 Meeting of TASC conducted	till third quarter	Mid Term	Review	conducted and completed	AMEP	introduced at	local level			RBM report	time	
Cumulative Target for 2013 - 2017														
Baseline														
Output indicator		Annual technical	review	Mid-term	review	conducted	Monitoring		review/eval uation	system	su cannineu	Information	time for	annual granding selections
Output statement		Output 8: Efficient and	effective quality assurance,	programme	monitoring,	on and		provided to	II dCDDT	deliver stated	and outputs			

Progress on Output One: Programme Coordination Unit strengthened and fully operational

Prior to LGCDP II-TSNGP coming into effect, the PCU remained fully functional with 13 professional staff who provided various technical support to MoFALD and local levels. The PCU technical team supported MOFALD in preparing working modalities for social mobilization in the changed context as well as the social mobilization exit strategy, the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework, along with various knowledge products and reports including LGCDP-II annual, trimester and four-year achievement report.

During the reporting period, the PCU worked to build rapport with the Tribhuban University to recognize 'Social Accountability' as a research topic, and also supported in designing LGCDP's output wise infographics; MOFALD's Office Automation System, file tracking system and initiated design of Local level websites. Furthermore, the PCU supported the programme in various cross cutting issues including conducting the GESI audit and its reporting, providing support for smooth implementation of EFLG Program in 54 municipalities and 60 VDCs of 14 DDCs, as well as supporting the conduct CSO peer review meeting etc.

The PCU also provided support to settle Beruju (audit arrears) of local bodies, whereby more than 51% Audit arrears related to LGCDP have been settled in 2017 for which PSUs facilitated to collect detailed audit reports of DCCs.

Progress on Output Two: Regional Coordination Unit (RCU) Established and operational

Prior to TSNGP coming into effect, all six Regional coordination units remained fully functional. The RCU technical teams provided various support to local bodies and assisted MoFALD/LGCDP II in mainstreaming CFLG, EFLG and GESI in the local level as well as supported the PCU with reporting. Key activities performed by RCUs included providing effective coordination and managerial support in organizing key consultative meetings and facilitating the trainings and capacity development initiatives at the local level.

Among the important capacity development initiatives supported by the RCU include training to Engineers and Sub-engineers on building by laws and building code- which has been an important initiative following the recent earthquake. Similarly, RCUs have also supported in facilitating and coordinating orientation programs to Mayor and Deputy Mayor, Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of local governments in Provinces No. 2, 3, 4 and 6 immediately following the local elections.

Furthermore, the RCUs have been instrumental in supporting to conduct VERSP-MIS Training to Local Bodies' Social Security Focal Persons. More recently they have been providing ICT support to newly establish local level offices particularly in the areas of creating email IDs, website update, software installation, MIS, MARS, etc. as well as in areas related to supporting the settlement of *Beruju* (audit arrears).

Progress on Output Three: Technical Support provided to Local Bodies

A five -day capacity building training to 65 ICT Volunteers of various local bodies (now local governments) was conducted on ICT tools and techniques. For their institutional development websites of all the LGs were constructed. Templates for LGs were prepared to support the local bodies which would provide a platform for short-term and long-term planning of the LGs. Before and just after formation of the local governments, the Social Mobilizers financially supported by the Programme, had aided the LGs for civic education, voter education, listing of beneficiaries of the social security allowances and most importantly supported the operation and functioning of the ward in the absence of civil servants during the transition phase. Arrangements were made for recruitment of IT Officers to serve all of the 753 local bodies (now governments). More than 20 model laws were drafted which formed the basis for the LGs to make their own laws.

Output Four: Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to LGCDP II

The PPSF supported in accomplishing a number of key activities related to policy advice and capacity support in 2017 as planned. This included the preparation of Revenue Improvement Action Plan of selected six municipalities followed by 13 local government units of Sunsari comprising of sub metropolitan cities, municipalities and rural municipalities. Furthermore, completion of two important studies on a) Projection and Collection of Taxes for Provinces and Local Governments in the changed federal context and b) Designing a framework for sub-National government financing through borrowing in the context of fiscal federalism in Nepal also took place during the reporting period. The studies have been useful in providing policy inputs.

A number of key resources and technical inputs were provided under this output area in order to develop the Business allocation rules (*Namuna karya bivajan niyamawali*) of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika, the draft version of LG resource book, GIS maps for the Local Level Restructuring Commission (LLRC) and LLRC report, hand book on frequently asked questions (FAQs) and local level profile template as well as the draft bill regarding facilities of the LG Officials and MoFALD. The information books on of 753 LG was prepared and disseminated in 2017 as well.

Similarly, notable support was also provided to develop model local laws- including local level financial procedure act, community mediation rules, FM radio operation and management rules and cooperative operation and management rules, the Business Allocation Rules, Business Performance Rules, Taxation of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika, Revenue and Expenditure projection, Model Code of Conduct of LG Officials, Meeting procedures of local government, Determining changing roles and responsibilities of District Coordination Committee, Designing framework legislation regarding local service (Operation and management) law/Act and Planning and Budgeting Guidelines for LG.

Furthermore, the Programme also prepared a concept note on 3 Fs and shared with senior officials of MoFALD, supported to prepare executive order regarding operation and management of local government during transition period, as well as a document for enactment of the bill regarding six constitutional commissions. In order to build on the knowledge sharing on federalism, an international learning/exposure visit to Australia and Indonesia of MoFALD officials and newly elected LG representatives was conducted.

Finally, during the reporting period, support was also provided to MoFALD to prepare 3rd trimester financial management report of FY 2016/17, the unaudited financial management report of FY 2016/17 for FCGO certification and audit follow up action plans to expedite the audit arrears settlement process.

Progress on Output Five: Strengthen Overall Capacity of MoFALD to Manage TA (including volunteers)

No specific activities planned under output 5 in the year 2017.

Progress on Output 6: Capacity of national and sub-national institutions to manage and implement local service functions is strengthened

The Programme has immensely contributed to smooth transitioning of the state from unitary to federal governance through policy advice and research. These supports include policy advices such as developing criteria and standards for local government restructuring as well as developing transitional management plan. To achieve this, the PPSF provided technical support to accomplish key events towards improving capacity of national and sub-national institutions- including the organization of induction training to LGCDP II focal persons at DDC and Municipalities comprising of a total of 292 participants.

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Several other strategic trainings and consultative meetings were also organized such as training on Appreciative Inquiry and Theory of Change to all LGCDP II staff, as well as seven Regional Consultative Meeting to collect feedback for LGCDP II- Transition phase and SNGP, along with a National Consultation Meeting to discuss on various contemporary issues including way forward to proposed TSNGP and SNGP.

Similarly, a MToT and Orientation Programme on Local Government Operation and Management was also organized to a total of 60 participants followed by a series of orientation programmes for Executive Officers and LDOs in all provinces comprising of 806 participants in total.

As noted, a series of orientation and trainings were provided to 827 newly elected Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Chairs and Vice Chairs of local governments of Provinces no. 2, 3, 4 and 6 along with an interaction programme to obtain feedback from elected representatives in order to improve course contents of training programmes for Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Chair and Vice Chair of LGs. For future support, to the local governments, the preparation of a roster of resource persons at national and province levels was also initiated.

The Programme also supported the preparation as well as the operationalization of websites for newly established LGs, LG profile templates, ICT guidelines, interactive maps with local level details, mobile application for MOFALD, knowledge management blogs with its mobile application and volunteer management system etc. through the support of the ICT volunteers.

Progress on Output Seven: Efficient and Effective Liaison and Strategic guidance provided to the DPs and the Government

In order to make efficient and effective liaison, various strategic guidance was provided to the DPs and the Government. Key achievements of the year under this output include the development of the Project document of LGCDP II- TSNGP and its operationalization, and the draft project document for Sub National Governance Programme (SNGP).

Through the DP Cell, the development partners were well informed about updated status, issues and challenges in the implementation of LGCDP II activities through monthly progress report, as well as through the monthly meeting of JFA-DPs organized by the DP Cell. Furthermore, during the reporting period, the DP Cell helped to track progress on audit irregularities through regular contact with the Finance Section of MoFALD, PCU and PSUs, as well as provided technical guidance to specialists and experts working in PCU and PSUs in order to assure smooth operation of LGCDP II-TSNGP activities.

Progress on Output Eight: Efficient and effective quality assurance, programme monitoring, documentation, and evaluation are provided to ensure that LGCDP II stated outcomes and outputs

Prior to LGCDP II-TSNGP, the LGCDP II accomplished various activities contributing to ensure that LGCDP II stated outcomes. After TSNGP, this particular output was merged under output 7.

Nonetheless some of the activities accomplished under this output area earlier included, facilitation of the Joint Task Force and inputs being provided to prepare framework for transition phase between LGCDP II and SNGP, as well as TA support in organizing NAC and TASC meetings, review various reports and studies conducted in line with ASIP 2016/17, as well as support in preparation of handbook on local governance.

6. BUDGET AND EXPENDITURE

The following table shows the output wise indicative budget and expenditure for 2017 and the sources of funds budgeted and utilization.

Table 3: Output wise annual budget and corresponding expenditure (LGCDP II)

Amounts in US\$

Output	Annual Budget	Annual Expenditure through project	Annual Expenditure through UNDP	Total Expenditure	Budget Utilization%
Output 1	295596.00	202,963.77	43,913.14	246,876.91	83.52
Output 2	469152.00	347,870.27	27,829.61	375699.88	80.08
Output 3	54000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 4	206056.00	45,284.74	49,028.21	94312.95	45.77
Output 5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 6	174744.00	149,497.46	16,496.18	165993.64	94.99
Output 7	75330.00	0.00	55,979.89	55979.89	74.31
Output 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1274878.00	745616.24	193247.03	938863.27	73.64

Table 4: Sources of funds Budget and Utilization of the project period (LGCDP II)

Amounts in US\$

Source of Fund	Funding period (Start-End)	Total Project Budget	Expenditure up to 2016	Expenditur e in 2017	Total expenditure till 2017	Total Budget utilizati on %	Budget Balance US\$
UNDP	2014-2017	11,174,821.2 1	8,974,760.87	938,863.27	9,913,624.14	88.71	1,261,197.07
UNCDF	2014-2017	2,201,429.80	1,250,208.25	373,896.85	1,624,105.10	73.78	577,324.70
UNV	2014-2017	540,548.00	147,919.00	94,500.00	242,419.00	44.85	298,129.00
Total		13,916,799.01	10,372,888.12	1,407,260.12	11,780,148.24	84.65	2,136,650.77

Table 5: Output wise annual budget and corresponding expenditure (LGCDP II - TSNGP)

Amounts in US\$

Output	Annual Budget	Annual Expenditure through project	Annual Expenditure through UNDP	Total Expenditure	Budget Utilization%
Output 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 4	57186.00	25,347.65	9,458.32	34805.97	60.86
Output 5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Output 6	609183.72	395,652.92	31,652.23	427305.15	70.14
Output 7	189374.00	2,839.66	170,402.52	173242.18	91.48
Output 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	855743.72	423840.23	211513.07	635353.30	74.25

Table 6: Sources of funds Budget and Utilization of the project period (LGCDP II - TSNGP)

Amounts in US\$

Source of Fund	Funding period (Start - End)	Total Project Budget	Total Project Budget 2017	Expenditure in 2017	Total Budget utilizatio n %	Budget Balance US\$
UNDP	2014-2017	2,016,026.92	855,743.72	635,353.30	74.25	1,160,283.20
UNCDF	2014-2017	672,963.00	436,800.00	306,447.77	70.16	236,163.00
UNV	2014-2017	185,403.60	98,452.80	78,240.00	79.47	86,950.80
Total		2,874,393.52	1,390,996.52	1,020,041.07	223.87	1,483,397.00

Table 7: M&E Expenditure: In 2017, Project spend on M&E activities

Total spent on Monitoring:	[Total US\$ 206,898.00)
Costs associated with UNDP/project staff, consultants, project partners, supporting national statistical systems in designing project specific data collection methodologies (qualitative and quantitative), monitoring methods including stakeholder surveys and other qualitative methods, collection of data, analysis and dissemination of the findings to inform a project, either with project partners or to fulfill specific UNDP/project requirements (preferably the former).	
Total spent on Decentralized Evaluations Costs associated in designing, implementing and disseminating evaluations for specific projects	[total spent on commissioning evaluations + total spent on proportional staff]
Combined total spent on M&E	[Total US\$: 206,898.00]

7. CROSS CUTTING ISSUES



7.1 Targeting and voice/Participation of Target groups

The overall aim of the LGCDP- TSNGP II is to contribute to the alleviation of poverty in Nepal. LGCDP II – TSNGP covers entire 77 District Coordination Committees (DCCs), 293 Nagarpalika and 460 Gaunpalika (rural municipalities) that follows new country restructuring. Social Mobilization (SM) implementation approach has been adopted as a mainstay for community development part of the programme till the end of 2017.

The Social Mobilization process has created more than 40,000 citizen institutions, namely 31,304 Ward Citizen Forum (WCF) and 13,040 Citizen Awareness Center (CAC). These citizen institutions are largely engaged in local planning, implementation, oversight and social transformational activities at the local level. A total of 1.12 million people are directly affiliated with these institutions.

As a result of nationwide social mobilization movement, service providers are becoming more responsive towards citizen demands that can be realized through increased project approval rates (initially 46% and now 78%). Similarly, the participation of women in initial stage of LGCDP II was recorded below 20 percent, while this has now reached to 40 percent.

The Underlying Causes of Poverty Assessment (UCPA) is a tool through which deprived settlement and HHs are identified. It also supports communities to assess their social and economic status and take the measures accordingly. LGCDP-II had started to conduct UCPA through Social Mobilizers and the LSP at the local level. The UCPA has been completed in 86 % of VDCs (then) and 653 wards of Municipalities (then). The findings of UCPA have been used for extending 5,517 CACs in most vulnerable settlements. Since the political boundaries have been changed due to LG restructuring, the Gaunpalika and Municipalities are requested to put these data safely for their further uses.

7.2 Gender Equality, Women's Empowerment, and Social Inclusion

MoFALD has been putting efforts to obtain inclusive development by bringing women, children and backward communities and mainstreaming them in development process. The ministry had developed GESI policy and GRB guideline to mainstream GESI/ GRB at local level. MoFALD's GESI section coordinates with other sections of Ministry, and development partners to make local governance program more GESI friendly. For effective implementation of GESI Policy at local level, Gender Responsive Budgeting and Auditing tools are being used for the fulfillment of national and international commitments. Following are some of achievements where LGCDP II provided technical inputs:

- 25 DDCs and 73 Municipalities conducted GESI Audit as per the Guideline, assessed their development program from gender perspective and identified gaps.
- Out of 73 Municipalities, 13 Municipalities (Phidim, Shivsatashi, Sadananda, Manthali, Dapcha, Melanchi, Karyabinayak, Mahalaxmi, Atalingshor, Chadragiri, Kagshori, Nagarkot, and Panchkhal) conducted GESI Audit using their own resource and implemented the action plan to improve the indicator status of GESI based on GESI audit.
- LBs organized different gender awareness raising activities on the occasion of International Women's Day celebration at 8 March and collaboratively worked on 16 days GBV campaign at local level.
- o MoFALD prepared draft GESI Audit indicators to execute GESI Audit in the Ministry.
- Prepared three-year action plan of MoFALD on UNSCRs 1325 and 1820'Conducted GESI joint monitoring visit to Morang, Dhankuta and Terathum districts aiming to assess the GESI mainstreaming in development process of LBs.

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Among the commendable results achieved by the project—include the fact that 30% of the total elected members in the local level elections included women and persons from disadvantaged communities who have been actively involved in the LGCDPP II and TSNGP programme having been elected. Out of 28,594 elected members at the local level, 8,415 members had been affiliated with the LGCDP created platforms including social mobilizes, members of WCF and CACs.

7.3 National Capacity Development

LGCDP II aims to strengthen both institutional and human resource capabilities of MoFALD and its departments such as Department of Local Infrastructure Development and Agricultural Road (DoLIDAR), Local Body's Fiscal Commission (LBFC), Local Development Training Academy (LDTA) and partner organizations, sectoral line agencies and other local governance actors. In the year 2017 various national level capacity development programs were carried out by LGCDP-II that is listed under the section 'Progress on Output 6' of this report in detail. A major achievement of the year under capacity development is series of orientation programme on 'Operation and Management of Local Government' to Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Chairs and Vice-Chairs of province No. 2,3,4 and 6 benefiting 827 people in total. Similarly, Chief Administrative Officers and LDOs of all provinces were also oriented on local government operational and administrative procedures benefiting additional 806 people in total. These initiatives largely contributed to strengthen institutional capacity of local governments in the changed federal context.

The National UN Volunteers (NUNV) are mobilized in MoFALD and local bodies. They have delivered substantial changes in altering conventional to e-governance working practices at all levels. Major milestones include- ICT training to LGs; PIS software development; development of GIS maps for Local Level Restructuring Commission (LLRC); development of Website for newly established LGs; Interactive map with local level details; Mobile application for MOFALD; Knowledge Management Blog with its mobile application; Volunteer management system etc.

7.4 Sustainability

The social capital created by the community groups created by the Program and transformative awareness among the group members will have productive influence in future development works. So far, around 300,000 people have been capacitated at local level on various themes including local level planning & civic oversight, CFLG, EFLG, GESI, ICT, community mediation etc. The enhanced knowledge and skills are still relevant and will certainly help improve the local governance systems in the changed federal context as well. Similarly, early achievements and provincial/federal agencies to steer, support and facilitate the LGs. The previous achievements in PFM and IT are being further consolidated and good practices are likely to be continued in future.

7.5 South-South and Triangular Cooperation

LGCDP II supported the capacity development of MoFALD staff and central agencies. Officials participated in various training, workshops and exposure visits. These visits, participation in workshops and trainings have contributed to better understanding among the policy makers in relation to the multiple dimensions of federalizing the state and local governance post federalization.

A high-level team of 10 members (comprising a Joint secretary, two Undersecretaries, two section officers, four Mayor and a Computer officer) visited Australia and Indonesia during 24 July to 4 August 2017. Main objective of the exposure was to foster a deeper understanding of functional federal/devolved system and structure of sub-national governance in Australia and Indonesia. These are some learning points extracted from the visit report. These learning points are helpful insights that can be applied in the Nepalese context.

- Local government in Australia have strong partnership with private sector,
- Office lay out of the municipalities in Australia is client friendly in terms of gender, disability, children, etc.,
- o The municipalities in Australia have wonderfully applied the clean & green city concept,
- Local governments in Australia receive only 40% fund of their annual budget through intergovernmental fund transfers,
- Most of the services are online in Australia which has saved the time & money for both service seekers & service providers,
- There are so many local governance issues in Indonesian context. They include- overlapping authority between levels of governments, differential human resource capacity, big responsibility with small fiscal capacity, difficulties in integrating natural resource management between regions, most of the major functions of local government had been recaptured by the central government etc.

7.6 Partnerships

Prior to LGCDP-TSNGP, the programme brought together fourteen development partners, government agencies as well as the UN agencies together to contribute to the local governance and community development in Nepal. While the UN support to the LGCDP as a whole, hinged on the partnership among UNDP, UNCDF, and UNV. These agencies bound together under the Joint Framework for Technical Assistance. Other agencies including bilateral and multilateral development partners and their aligned programs contributed to the local development priorities under the Joint Funding Agreement. On the other hand, LGCDP II engaged with various sector ministries and government agencies at the central level. At the local level, LGCDP II coordinated with all local bodies-District Development Committees, Municipalities, and Village Development Committees. Similarly, the collaboration was further extended to district level line agencies, civil society organizations, non-governmental organizations, the private sectors, and citizen's organizations like WCF, CAC, IPFC, and CSOs. With the onset of the transition phase, the importance of inter-ministerial coordination was underlined by the programme. There were some initiatives through which such partnerships were enhanced such as the programme supporting the technical assistance in coordination with the Ministry of General Administration to support the Ministry of Finance in preparing the Intergovernmental Fiscal Transfer Bill. Similarly, in order to prepare the SNGP programme document, different ministries, agencies and stakeholders were brought together to discuss and brainstorm on the design of the SNGP based on the federal context.

7.7 Promotion of civic engagement

The LGCDP II helped to establish and strengthen accountability at the local level by mobilizing local Civil Society Organizations (CSOs). It helped to establish and strengthen accountability at the local level by mobilizing local Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) and accomplished substantial progress. Some of the achievements attained through promotion of civic engagement are: conduction of compliance monitoring by 57 districts out of 75, establishment of grievance handling mechanism by 100% DDCs and response by local bodies to more than 50% grievances that were reported during the public hearing. Further, CSOs' carried out crucial accountability enhancing activities such as FM radio mobilization (1,270 episodes), public hearing facilitation (490 times), public audit conduction (294 times) and training for WCF (934 times). These efforts helped increase the use of accountability tools, provisioning help desk and grievance responding culture in the bodies.

7.8 Expanding opportunities for youth

For strengthening e-governance at local units, MoFALD also initiated recruitment of IT Officers at all 753 local units. A group of young computer and electronics engineers are serving in various local units as IT officers, where they are responsible for supporting in the development and operationalizing websites and software. Role of these youths are praiseworthy in creating innovation in information dissemination and service delivery through information and communication tools. Their backstopping and capacity development support to staffs at local offices is substantial in day to day operation and service delivery.

7.9 Innovation

Strengthened E-governance in MoFALD: Support of the group of young computer and electronics engineers, who have been serving in various local units, as IT officer, has been crucial in bringing innovation through information and communication technology tools. Innovative ideas have been implemented in improving service delivery and information dissemination. With the same objective, ICT team in MoFALD including ICT Officers (then ICT Volunteers) have developed following four ICT products and the systems are at the initial stage of implementation. It is expected that this innovation will help alter the traditional ways of communication to the modern systems.

- Websites for all local units has been developed (list available at www.mofald.gov.np/website) based on Content Management System (CMS) which has improved information dissemination and document and report archival in various categories. Website are also platform for grievance handing as public can anonymously report their grievances online.
- o Interactive map with local level details has been designed (available at www.mofald.gov.np/gis) which serves as an interactive one stop for local level details such as geographic description and GIS maps of new structure.
- Android based Mobile application for local governance (available at play store as "local governance Nepal" app) helps informing citizen with all details and updates of local government, their elected representatives, and administrative officers among other details.
- o Knowledge Management Blog with its android based mobile application (www.ict4lb.org.np) is a knowledge repository where staffs can share their learning and experiences for others.
- Volunteer management system has been developed (http://volunteer.ddns.net/) to make a roster of volunteers that may be assets for local governance.

7.10 Knowledge Management and Products

The technical assistance under PPSF provides expert support to Information and e-governance Section at MoFALD and overall of the LGCDP programme to promote good governance practices. In this regard, media promotion, publication, information disclosure and documentation form key part of knowledge management and products. LG website, mobile application, knowledge management blog, researches on revenue generation and management, maintenance and dissemination of TSNGP programme document are also some of the activities performed for managing knowledges. These products have contributed in promotion of transparency and downward accountability. Documentation of all policy level and government meetings are both physically and electronically archived. Similarly, social media (Face book and Twitter) is effectively utilized to share program's activities regularly. Key knowledge products of the year 2017 are:

- 1. Frequently asked question (FAQ) on Local Governance System and Process (book at finalization stage)
- 2. Introductory book on details of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika (Book Published)

8. LESSONS LEARNED

In addition to the issues listed below, the programme realized that the support it provided through TSNGP was helpful but not adequate to aid the local governments are fully functional and operational. The LGs further were in need of capacity development supports in areas of revenue generation, programme planning and budgeting, procurement, e-governance and the like. This realization further justifies the requirement of a sub-national governance programme.

and Community De

- o Lack of intergovernmental coordination and Implementation,
- o Insufficient local government systems and procedures,
- Weak local government institutional capacity,
- o Local government elected officials not sufficiently empowered,
- Local participation and accountability yet to be established.

9. IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

LGCDP-TSNGP faced various operational challenges in 2017 as summarized below, with remedial measures taken.

- o Institutionalizing Social Mobilization in the newly formed LG remained a challenge. The
- There was slow progress in the settlement process of outstanding audit arrears related to LGCDP. Toward addressing this issue, action plans are prepared at all levels and being implemented.
- LGCDP faced challenge in forming new structure and defining role of PCU and RCU in transition phase. This issue had been solved by establishing seven provincial support units and recruiting staff as planned.

10. PRIORITIES FOR 2018

The LGCDP- TSNGP project document is the guiding document for the period from 16 July 2017 to 15 July 2018. Annual strategic plan 2017/18 has been prepared based on the project document and is being implemented. It is envisioned that the anticipated SNGP will be executed from July 2018 onwards. At the moment TSNGP will be used as a bridging programme between LGCDP II and upcoming SNGP.

The prioritized areas of intervention for 2018 up to July 2018 include the following:

- Support continuity of best practices and lessons learnt from earlier programmes including those on GESI, EFLG, CFLG, DRR, community mediation;
- Support policy evolvement process and knowledge management needed for smooth federalization at the national and sub-national level;
- Support capacity building of elected officials of the SNGs and their staff/also support capacity building of central level agencies for managing devolution and federalization;
- Support in area of planning, budgeting, office management, reporting through development of tools/formats/templates and training/coaching;
- Early focus on use of ICT in newly created SNGs for e-governance and better/efficient monitoring of service delivery and governance indicators;
- Support information management, education of the stakeholders and advocacy in the areas of devolution and federalism;
- Ensure continuity of achievements of various outcome and output areas of LGCDP II in the restructured bridging programme TSNGP which will later transition into new programme "SNGP".





Case Story 1: Journey from a Farmer to a Ward Member [Story by: Province no. 5, Nepalguni]

Jhutuwa Tharu, a resident of ward no 5 Duduwa Rural Municipality, Banke says his life has changed for the better after becoming a member of the Citizen Awareness Center established by LGCDP. For a person who has studied

till grade 8, it was a challenge for Jhutuwa with a meager monthly income of NRs 8,000 per month to support his family of eight. Before he became a CAC member he earned his living by farming and doing manual labor.

Opportunties opened for Jhutuwa after becoming member of the CAC. He was able to participate in information sharing workshops on various matters such as planning process at the local level, importance of vital registration, gender based violence and domestic violence. This opportunity increased his capacity to articulate his problems, press his demands during ward level meetings and motivated him to conduct awareness about the importance of vital events registration in his ward. The CAC also coordinated and facilitated to send



Jhutuwa Tharu working in his vegetable farm

Jhutuwa on various trainings such as planning, monitoring, water, sanitation and hygiene, enterpreneurs training on pig rearing and vegetable farming etc. from government line agencies such as the District Water Supply Office, District Health Office and District Office of Cottage and Small Industries.

The CAC of Duduwa, ward no 5 received a LIP grant from LGCDP. It was invested as a revolving fund by its members at a nominal interest rate of six percent per annum. Jhutuwa took a loan of NRs 16,000 and bought 4 piglets for NRs 4,000 each. After a period of 10-12 months the pigs were sold for NRs 16,000 each. With the profit, he was able to repay the loan with interest. This encouraged him to take another loan of NRs 16,000 again to invest more on the pig farming. This change of occupation led to positive changes in his family. For example- he was able to send his children to a boarding school and also manage his day to day expenses without any constraints. Further, he received vegetable farming training from District Cottage and Small Scale Industries and started a small scale vegetable farming. His monthly income has increased to NRs 15,000 per month.

A key learning for him has been that a small investment can make big difference in the living standard, even for the people having less education and occupational skills. He proudly says that it was because of the trainings and information received from CAC, he became confident to contest and get elected in the position of ward member of ward no. 5 of Duduwa Rural Municipality in the recently held local level elections.

Case Story 2: Multipurpose Digital Display helps Disseminate Information Efficiently [Story by: Team ICT, Province No.4]

Until they came up with a digital notice board idea, Waling Municipality was using analog notice board. They bought smart Television and utilized it as a Notice Board and a digital citizen charter-in fact a combo. It is also switchable to Television channels. The presentation on the notices being displayed can be changed dynamically from anywhere by the ICT personnel of the office using Internet. Previously only concerned service seekers used to look at the analog notice and the Citizen Charter Board.

However, things have recently changed with this digitization. Now at the first sight after entering the office premises, citizen notice a new Television displaying various information. Thanks to the on-the -fly editing capability provided by Google docs. Our digital notice board reflects notices, news and updates simultaneously apart from the citizen charter.

Elected Mayor and their team also wanted to make Waling municipal office as a paperless office. This has become one of the ways to realize their dream.

Advantage of digital notice board over analog is that back dated publication has been totally avoided which has always been unpleasant to visitors. Notices are now published in real time.

This practice has also helped to organize the published notices electronically. Notices can now be searched chronologically depending upon the categories or tags. The



Digital display in Waling Municipality used for multiple purposes.

Municipality is going to replicate this live digital notice board contents to official web portals. The smart TV can thus be used as announcement platform of any new information to the public via internet.

12. RISK AND ISSUE LOGS

				Pages " Affairs and Lo	irs and Language					
vi z	Description	Category (financial,	Likelihoo	Impact Com Risk	Risk	Mitigation	Date risk	Last	Status	
		political, operational, organizational, environmental	(scale of 1	1 to 5 (A x B)	factor (A x B)	measures if risk occurs	is Identified	Update d		
		regulatory security	heingthe	boing tho						
""		strategic, other)	most	highest						
7	-		likely) A	impact) B						
<u> </u>	Planning and	Others	P=3	P=3	6	Review and	November	Decem	Drafted new	Г
	Frogrammin					revise local	2016	ber	planning framework	
	o.o					level planning		2017	applicable for local	-
						guidelines to			government in the	
						incorporate			changed context	_
						results-based				
,	-					planning tools				
7	Budget	Financial	P=3	P=3	6	Ensure timely	November	Decem	Provincial Support	Т
	release					budget	2016	ber	units (PSUs)	
						release from		2017	regularly followed to	_
						FCGO and			assure timely release	
						from DTCO to			of fund to Local	
						implement			Governments	
						activities as				_
						per the action				
						plan/work plan				_
က	Establishmen	Operational	P=3	P=3	6	Design PRF	November	Decem	Programme	
	t and						2016	ber	recruitment	
	transition of							2017	Facility(PRF) does	_
	programme								not exist in LGCDP-	
	Facility(PRF)								TSNGP	
4	Local	Political	P=3	P=3	6	Programme	November	Docom	المرام المرا	1
	Election					document will	2016	ber	provincial election	-
								2017		

and federal election held.	Етполичен	adjustment act	promulgated to	address changed federal context	The Government of	Nepal (GoN) has	recently established	753 local	government units	with 6 Metropolitan	cilles, 11 Sub	metropolitan cities, 276 Municinalities	and 460 rural	municinalities
	Decem	ber	7107		Decem	ber	2017							
	November	2016			November	2016								
be reviewed and revised if local election takes place as per the government plan	Civil Service	Act will be followed			Prepare	transition	Plan							
The state of the s	6				6									
Prerument of North Control of the Part Affairs and Local Control of the Part Affairs and Local Control of the Part Affairs and Community Dave On United States of the Part Affairs of the	P=3				P=3									
	P=3				P=3									
	Organizational			Doller	ronneal									
	rrequent change in	management		Stato	restructuring)								
				9										1

Table 9: Issue Log Matrix

	Date Identified	Description and Comments	Resolution measures Status of the issue recommended		Status Change Date
Financial	November 2016	Poor financial record keeping in VDCs,	Operationalize VDC accounting software. It is planned to implement in 1000 VDCs.	Operationalize VDC accounting software. It is planned to implement in 1000 VDCs. Then VDCs converted into either municipality after the country restructuring. Therefore, VDC accounting package are not functional. Instead, MoFALD has introduced	December 2017

	_		-	-								
	December 2017		December	2017			December	2017				
Local Level Financial Management Information System (LLFMIS) to replace the previous system	New system called Municipal Accounting and Revenue System (MARS) developed and being mainstreamed at all local levels.	District Coordination Committees are using another Web based system called DCCFAMP for financial reporting.	So far, 31,304 Ward Citizen Forum	and 13,040 were Community Awareness Centers Created. A total of 1.12 million people are	directly affiliated with these institutions. About 50% WCFs	were actively involved in civic oversight functions.	4704 CACs received livelihood	grants to implement livelihood improvement plan				
fund to LGs. Community Maintain database on the	Web-based reporting software developed and DDCs &Municipalities staff, oriented		Ward Citizen Forum	members oriented on local level planning. 39% WCFs engaged in	monitoring and oversight of community	infrastructure projects	Livelihood Improvement	Citizen Awareness	centers (CACs)			
fund to LGs Continuity Warntai	Monitoring and reporting system is weak in local bodies		Ward Citizen Forums	are involved in local level planning. WFCs role needs to expand	to cover oversight activities.		Livelihood Improvement Dlan	introduced in Citizen	formed in DAG 4-VDCs.	It is require introducing in the	entire citizen	Awareness Centers.
	December 2016		December	2016			December 2016					
	Operation		Implementation				Implementation					
	2			m			4					

	December 2017			
	92% District /Municipality Social Mobilization Committee	(D/MSMCC) are found regularly	target 72% before country	structuring.
	District/Municipality	Social Mobilization Committee changed by	including WCF and CAC	members
District and	Municipality Social	Mobilization committee are not	effective	
December	2016			
Implementation				
2				





13 PROGRESS AGAINST ANNUAL WORK PLAN 2017

Output Wise Quarterly Plan vs. Progress

Output One: Programme Coordination Unit strengthened and fully operational

1st Quarter

Staff Salary head

2nd Quarter

Staff Salary head

3rd Quarter

No specific activities planned under Output- 1

4th Quarter

No specific activities planned under Output- 1

Output Two: Regional Coordination Units (RCU) established and operational

1st quarter Salary

2nd quarter

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status
Conduct M&E activities	 Conducted monitoring visits by PSU in 9 districts out of 10 districts in (PN4). Conducted CAC monitoring visits in 3 districts (PN3) Conducted monitoring visits in 6 DCCs and 4
Induction/TOT for 6 NUNVs	 municipalities (PN1) 5 days capacity building training to 65 ICT Volunteers of various local bodies conducted, on important ICT tools and techniques.
 Half yearly youth led events on "Volunteering for ICT4D at community level" focusing on youth volunteering in local governance held 	Activities planned, but not yet initiated

3rd Quarter

No specific activities planned under Output- 2

Output Three: Technical Support provided to Local Bodies

1st Quarter

	non in
Cos Cost	or Federal Affairs and Local position
	Program Co-entine tion Units

First quarter Planned activities	Progress Status
 Induction/TOT for 8 NUNVs Conduct cluster-wise trainings for ICT Volunteers 	5 days Capacity building training to 65 ICT Volunteers of various local bodies was conducted, on important ICT tools and techniques.
 Half yearly youth led events on "Volunteering for ICT4D at community level" focusing on youth volunteering in local governance held 	Activities planned, but not yet initiated

 $\frac{2^{nd}\ Quarter}{No\ specific\ activities\ planned\ in\ the\ second\ quarter.}$

No specific activities planned under Output- 1

Output Four: Timely, targeted and flexible policy advice and research provided to LGCDP II

1st Quarter

First quarter Planned activities	Progress Status	
Provide technical assistance to LGAF Secretariat	 Provided second tranche (40%) to CSOs as per the agreement EoI final list published Communication and correspondence with RCUs and CSOs including Local Bodies Policy support and feed back to LGAF on implementation of Compliance Monitoring and Downward Accountability promotion 	
Institutionalize Revenue Improvement Action Plans of LBs (municipalities)	 Field visits were undertaken by the consulting firm and Municipal division on preparing the RIAP of selected municipalities. 	
 Disseminate findings through a consultative workshop and publish study on national tax-base system, local tax-base system and establish linkage between local tax and national tax 	Finalized the report 'Projection and collection of taxes for provinces and local governments in the changed federal context'	
 Review current borrowing system and practice and recommend potentiality of borrowing systems in LBs 	 Prepared first draft report of the study on 'Designing a Framework for Sub-National Government Financing through Borrowing in the context of Fiscal Federalism in Nepal' A regional was held with municipal officials and a national consultation meeting was held with key line agencies and development partners of LGCDP to seek feedback on the report 	
 Designing revenue forecasting and revenue potential study manual in context of restructure local level 	Study on preparation of Revenue Improvement Action Plan of selected six municipalities going on.	
 Update MCPM System and Institutional Framework and hold a consultative 	It was decided during the Output 3 meeting that this would be on hold.	

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First quarter Planned activities workshop to finalize indicators to	Progress Status
implement a new framework	
Provide technical support in the field of GIS for the Local Level Restructuring Commission (LLRC) and report writing	 through technical expertise. Technical support provided to LLRC for the analysi and report preparation regarding special, protected or autonomous areas. Technical support provided to the high level Committee formed to review the LLRC report
Support to thematic team under MoFALD to carry on transitional plan for sub-national governance	
Organise interaction seminar in 7 provinces related to departmental action procedures	 Carried out Consultation on draft bill of the LGs in province number 3, 6 & 7. (Participants: LDOs, EOs, selected VDC secretaries, Line Agency Heads, political party leaders, CSO representatives) Shared draft LG bill with Development Committee of Parliament.
 Develop an approach paper with road map for functional federal system; sharing and learning on comparative knowledge and expertise. 	A preliminary draft has been prepared that covers mainly the transitional management of LG.
 Prepare and disseminate IEC materials on newly established Gaunpalika and Municipality and other contemporary issue of local governance 	 Prepared details of the local government units including GIS map, name, center, boundaries (area), number of wards and its areas
 Prepare model work division rules (KARYA BIVAJAN NIYAMAWALI) for the provinces 	A working team has been constituted under Chief of the FAD and Preliminary draft of KARYA BIVAJAN NIYAMAWALI prepared.
 prepare model laws for sub-national functioning in coordination with FAS 	Two committees have been constituted and working on preparation of Model laws relating to: Authentication of decision and orders of LGs; expenditure from Local Consolidated Fund; Revenue and Expenditure projection; law relating to taxation; Local Government Services.
Support in preparation of federal legislations related to sub-national governance; sharing and learning on comparative knowledge and expertise	 Bill on Village and Municipal Ward drafted and Passed by Legislature Parliament (effective from 24 March 2017) Bills of six Constitutional Commissions introduced at Legislature Parliament. LG Bill drafted and submitted to the Cabinet Secretariat, GoN Prepared draft of the provincial regarding LGs management.



First quarter Planned activities	Progress Status ToR had been prepared for DoCR's review and finalization.
 Strengthen vital event registration and social security wing of LBs and initiate the implementation of the strategy and operational plan for rolling out SP payments through agent banking. 	
 Contract consultants to design and implement LED/PPP approach in LGCDP II in alignment with similar initiatives and train stakeholders in order to pilot LED activities in selected municipalities 	 Consultations were held with LGCDP Focal Persons and Municipal Executive Officers of the 10 municipalities. The draft business development approach manual and the operational strategy has been prepared by the consultants and field visits completed in all 10 municipalities.
Enhance capacity / training on LED	 An orientation program organized to capacitate municipality stakeholders.

2nd Quarter

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status	
Provide technical assistance to LGAF Secretariat	 Provided regular backstopping support to LGAF Secretariat for the implementation of ASIP 2016/13 activities. Drawn the attention of LGAF about the volume of audit arrears and its settlement Reporting formats to CSOs updated and circulated 3 Peer Review meetings organized in Dhulikhel, Pokhara and Dhangadhi. MoFALD secretary and high level officials participated in the meeting. 	
 Institutionalize Revenue Improvement Action Plans of LBs (Municipalities) 	 The consultants have submitted the draft report to UNCDF about the preparation of the Revenue Improvement Action Plan of selected municipalities for comments. 	
 Disseminate findings through a consultative workshop and publish study on national tax-base system, local tax-base system and establish linkage between local tax and national tax 	 The consultants have submitted final report in Nepali language on the 'Projection and Collection of Taxes for Provinces and Local Governments in the Changed Federal Context'. The report has also been translated in English language and submitted to UNCDF for comments. 	
 Review current borrowing system and practice and recommend potentiality of borrowing systems in LBs 	 The final report of the study on 'Designing a Framework for Sub-National Government Financing through Borrowing in the context of Fiscal Federalism in Nepal' has been submitted to UNCDF and LGCDP. 	
Provide technical support in the field of GIS for the Local Level Restructuring Commission (LLRC) and report writing	 Supported to prepare details of the newly established Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika that need to be published in Nepal Gazette. Supported to review of number and boundaries of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika, specific to province number 2 and 5. 	

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Tocal Govern	Covernment of New Monday Process of State of Maries and Local Control of Maries and Lo
A	Seam Co-ordination Unit

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status	
 Support to thematic team under MoFALD to carry on transitional plan for sub-national governance 	 Provided technical assistance to thematic working team of MoFALD to prepare the revised Executive Order for operation and management of LGs. Provided inputs in preparation of different model local laws, policies and guidelines. 	
 Organise interaction seminar in 7 provinces related to departmental action procedures 	 Prepared orientation materials to newly elected representatives and LG staffs. Facilitated the provincial level training/orientation program in province no.3 and 4. 	
 Develop an approach paper with road map for functional federal system; sharing and learning on comparative knowledge and expertise. 	 Prepared a concept note for aboard learning/exposure visit of MoFALD Officials and newly elected LG representatives. The visit is successfully completed. 	
 Prepare and disseminate IEC materials on newly established Gaunpalika and Municipality and other contemporary issue of local governance 	 Prepared an information book on newly established Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika including details of merger, boundaries, population, ward number, map (ready for printing) Drafted a leaflet focusing on local governance system, structure, process in federal context (under publication) 	
 Develop Resource person and materials namely LG handbook and LG ToT manual 	Draft LG handbook prepared (under consideration of MoFALD for printing) and ToT materials prepared.	
 Prepare model work division rules (KARYA BIVAJAN NIYAMAWALI) for the provinces 	Business allocation rules (Namuna KARYA BIVAJAN NIYAMAWALI) of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika has been prepared.	
Prepare model laws for sub-national functioning in coordination with FAS	 Provided technical support to MoFALD in drafting/reviewing and finalization of model local laws. Model laws were introduced/issued by MoFALD for facilitation of LG business in following major themes: Authentication of decision and orders of LGs Business allocation rules Business performance rules Taxation of Gaunpalika and Nagarpalika Revenue and Expenditure projection Model Code of Conduct of LG Officials Meeting procedures of local government Determining changing roles and responsibilities of District Coordination Committee Designing framework legislation regarding local service (Operation and management) law/Act 	
Support in preparation of federal legislations related to sub-national	 Planning and Budgeting Guidelines for LG Supported MoFALD for presentation of draft LG Bill in Cabinet Secretariat. The GoN, introduced LG Bill 	



Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status
governance; sharing and learning on comparative knowledge and expertise	to legislature-Parliament (Under consideration of the House) • Supported MoFALD in drafting the bill regarding facilities of the LG Officials and MoFALD submitted the bill to Ministry of Law Justice and Parliamentary Affairs for legal review and inputs • Supported MoFALD in preparation of executive order regarding operation and management of local government. MoFALD issued new Executive Order.
 Strengthen vital event registration and social security wing of LBs and initiate the implementation of the strategy and operational plan for rolling out SP payments through agent banking. 	
 Contract consultants to design and implement LED/PPP approach in LGCDP II in alignment with similar initiatives and train stakeholders in order to pilot LED activities in selected municipalities 	The draft business development approach manual and the operational strategy has been prepared by the consultants and field visits completed in all 10 municipalities.

3rd quarter

	Third quarter planned activities	Progress
•	Carry out stocks taking and prepare a white paper on the transfer of 3 Fs (Funds, Functions and Functionaries)	 A concept note prepared and shared with senior level management of MoFALD regarding formation of federalism facilitation committee and deputation of federalism focal point.
•	Develop transition management plan with focus on sectoral devolution plan, process of Functions, funds and functionaries (3Fs)	No significant progress made.
Preparatory works on legal aspects, organizational restructuring, human resources requirements, work –process clarities, other logistic requirements and institutionalization		No significant progress made.
•	Develop training manual, modules and handbooks	LG resource book is prepared and discussion is underway to finalize the draft. A high level committee has been formed to prepare a handbook on frequently asked questions (FAQs) and work is in progress.



Third quarter planned activities	Progress
 Support for communication and dissemination of LG and other related bills/Acts 	 Information book on of 753 LG is prepared and printing is in progress
Draft model laws/regulations/guidelines/ model framework	 Support provided to respective parliamentary committee of the Legislature-Parliament to organize to finalize Local Government Operation bill (Acts promulgated). Provided support to prepare document for enactment of the bill regarding six constitutional commissions. Drafted a bill regarding 'Facilities of local level officials. Drafted a bill on local service. Prepared and disseminated model local laws namely local level financial procedure act, community mediation rules, FM radio operation and management rules and cooperative operation and management rules
Support OPMCM, MOF, and other agencies at the federal level to develop policies, laws and plans on sectoral devolution.	No significant progress made.
Carry out studies, research and exposure visits on federalization	A report on learning visit to Australia is prepared.
Develop model LG profile formats and guidelines	 A local level profile template is prepared (draft). Discussion is underway to finalize the template.

Output Five: Strengthen Overall Capacity of MoFALD to Manage TA (including volunteers)

1st Quarter

No Specific activities were planned in first quarter.

2nd Quarter

No specific activities planned in second quarter.

3rd Quarter

No specific activities planned under Output 5

 $Output \ Six: \ Capacity \ of \ National \ and \ Sub \ national \ Institutions \ to \ manage \ and \ implement \ local \ service \ functions \ is \ strengthened$

1st Quarter:

First quarter Planned activities	Progress Status
 Organize capacity building activities for 	A two-day orientation/training on 'Mind Power'
MoFALD and central level agencies staff	organized and 60 MoFALD staff took part.



First quarter Planned activities	Progress Status
(trainings, south-south and triangular cooperation etc.)	
 Conduct training on fiscal federalism for government officials and other stake holder 	Experience sharing workshop on Fiscal Federalism was conducted in Nepal on 15-18 December 2016 in Godawari Lalitpur in two shifts. The honorable parliament members and senior level of government officers were participated in the program.
 Provide technical assistance to Planning Unit to enhance the quality of periodic plans 	Support has been provided to MoFALD as per need.
 Organize consultative meeting at regional and national level to review progress, lessons learned, share best practices and plan future priorities and interventions 	A National Consultation meeting was completed on 6th and 7th January, 2017
 Documentary and dissemination of best practices 	LGCDP-II achievement report under preparation.
 Organize training for PCU professional and support staff 	 PCU's professional and support staff orientated on 'Mind Power'.

2nd Quarter

Second quarter Planned activities	Progress Status
 Organize capacity building activities for MoFALD and central level agencies staff (trainings, south-south and triangular cooperation etc.) 	A two-day orientation/training on 'Mind Power' organized and 60 MoFALD staff took part.
Organize trainings\workshops and exchange programme for LB's staff for knowledge sharing and in strengthening its capacity to achieve performance indicators	Completed 3-day Operation and Management training to newly elected Mayer, Deputy Mayer, Chair and Vice chair in three provinces (3, 4, 6). Detail as below.
Undertake study on fiscal decentralization to establish a national fiscal commission. Consult on options with stakeholders and agree on recommendations	The consultants have submitted the study report on fiscal decentralization to establish a national fiscal commission. Consult on options with stakeholders and agree on recommendations to UNCDF and LGCDP.
Provide technical assistance to Planning Unit to enhance the quality of periodic plans	Support has been provided to MoFALD as per need.
Organize training for PCU professional and support staff	Not yet organized

3rd Quarter

Third quarter planned activities	Progress
 Organize trainings\workshops for Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Chair, Vice- chair and EOs of 	Interaction programme was organized to take feedback from elected representatives of LGs who
LGs for strengthening its capacity	had participated in training programme organized



Third quarter planned activities	Progress
	by MoFALD in order to improve course contents of training programme for Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Chair and Vice Chair of LGs
 Organize consultative meeting at regional and national level to review progress, lessons learned, share best practices and plan future priorities and interventions 	No significant progress made.
 Develop roster of Coaching and Monitoring team for planning, budgeting, financial management and reporting etc. 	 TOR prepared to develop a roster of resource persons at national and province level to organize training as well as for coaching and mentoring purpose.
 Undertake monitoring and review NUNVs activities 	 Regular distance monitoring of NUNVs is taking place from PCU. Day to day performance of ICT Expert have been monitored at PSU level
Capacity of NUNV strengthened	 Three days' workshop conducted on development of Website for rural municipalities in support of Information and e-Governance section in Pokhara, where UNVs developed new website template for all newly established municipalities and rural municipalities. These website are also accessible by visually-impaired. Process of domain registration and hosting all these websites in National IT Center is coming to end.
 Procure operational equipment and other operational cost for day-to- ay operations of PSU 	No procurement made

4th Quarter

Fourth quarter planned activities	Progress
 Prepare a white-paper to take stocks on constitution implementation especially in regards to state restructuring both at and provincial levels 	A concept note prepared and shared with senior level management of MoFALD regarding formation of federalism facilitation committee and deputation of federalism focal point.
 Develop and Initiate Implementing Transition Management Plan 	No significant progress made.
 Develop training manuals/modules and handbooks as per the Training Needs Assessment (TNA) 	Drafted LG Resource book and hand book on FAQs.
 Support drafting and preparation of Laws, regulations, guidelines, manuals, model frameworks of operation 	 1. Information book on of 753 LG is prepared and disseminated 2. Support provided to respective parliamentary committee of the Legislature-Parliament to organize to finalize Local Government Operation bill (Acts promulgated). 3. Provided support to prepare document for enactment of the bill regarding six constitutional commissions.

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Fourth quarter planned activities	Progress
	 4. Drafted a bill regarding 'Facilities of local level officials. 5. Drafted a bill on local service. Prepared and disseminated model local laws namely local level financial procedure act, community mediation rule FM radio operation and management rules and cooperative operation and management rules.
 Support OPMCM, MOF and line ministries at central level and (later) provincial level to define the transition, manage devolution and operationalize sectoral devolution in a planned way 	progress made.
 Studies on federalization, exposure visit and research on practical actions needed for institutionalization, preparation of blue- prints and detailed plans 	g sans a rader and is prepared.
 Initiate preparation of LGs' profile of available natural and physical resources, demography and cultural heritage 	 A local level profile template is prepared (draft). Discussion is underway to finalize the template.
Train mayors, deputy majors, chairs, vice chars and ececutive officers of the LGs	 Trained Mayer, Deuty mayer, Chairman, Vice chairman and executive officers.
Carry out studies, research and exposure visits on federalization	No specific progress made
Develop model LG profile formats and guidelines.	Draft LG profile prepared
Develop policy and institutional set up of sub national training centers	 Policy for national training centers is being prepared
Capacity Building of NUNV	 Three days' workshop conducted on development of Website for rural municipalities in support of Information and e-Governance section in Pokhara, where UNVs developed new website template for all newly established municipalities and rural municipalities. These website are also accessible by visually-impaired. Process of domain registration and hosting all these websites in National IT Center is coming to end.
Experience sharing in central and regional consultative meetings	No specific progress made
Develop resource persons roster at provincial level	Province level roster being prepared resource per
Training need assessments for LGs	Not initiated

Output Seven: Efficient and effective liaison and strategic guidance provided to the DPs and the Government

Quarter 1

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Arosam Co-ordination

	Second quarter planned activities		Progress Status
•	Better Coordination and harmonization among DPs and between DPs and the Government	•	JFADPs organized meetings to discuss the progress status of LGCDP II as well as issues and challenges faced in implementation of programme
•	Provide operational support to the DP Cell	•	DP Cell received regular operational support
•	Provide logistic support to the DP Cell	•	DP Cell received logistic support as per need

Quarter 2

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status
 Better Coordination and harmonization among DPs and between DPs and the Government 	 JFADPs organized meetings to discuss the progress status of LGCDP II as well as issues and challenges faced in implementation of programme
 Provide operational support to the DP C 	ell • DP Cell received regular operational support
Provide logistic support to the DP Cell	DP Cell received logistic support as per need

3rd Quarter

Third quarter planned activities	Progress
 LGCDP II completion report prepared 	Planned for next quarter
Organize various events	 The Joint Task Force approved the ToR for formulation of Sub National Governance Programme.
 Develop Promotional materials for local level.and develop two innovative ICT products 	 With the objective of collecting innovative product idea from team of ICT Volunteer and realizing them into working product; following four ICT products were developed: Interactive map with local level details Mobile application (android and IOS) for MOFALD Knowledge Management Blog with its android based mobile application, Volunteer management systems.
Develop SNGP programme document	• A team of five consultants is recruited to formulate SNGP programme document. The team has submitted inception report in the 2 nd week of September 2017. MoFALD and DPs have provided comments and suggestions on inception report. The design team is in the process of preparing a draft SNGP programme document by incorporating the comments and suggestions of GoN and DPs.

4th Quarter

Fourth quarter planned activities	Progress
Event management	Various Joint Task Force meeting organized to
	prepare SNG programme

Promote volunteerism and develop knowledge products	The MOFALD officially launched 4 different innovative ICT products developed by ICT volunteers
Develop SNGP for future years	 SNGP programme document prepared and discussion is under way for the finalization
LGCDP II completion report prepared	Draft ToR developed to prepare LGCDP II Completion report.
Annual and half year reviews (for NEC)	Preparation is under way to organize Half yearly review

Output Eight: Efficient and effective quality assurance, programme monitoring, documentation, and evaluation are provided to ensure that LGCDP II stated outcomes and outputs

Quarter 1

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status
Organize various events	Organize 5 meetings with stakeholders for consultant engaged in designing TSNGP document
Conduct bi-annual program review	Provided technical inputs to assure the quality of progress reports
Conduct annual program review	 Provided technical support to organize NAC and TASC meetings
 Develop Promotional materials for local level and develop two innovative ICT products 	Facilitated to prepare handbook on local governance

Quarter 2

Second quarter planned activities	Progress Status
Organize various events	Organize 5 meetings with stakeholders for consultant engaged in designing TSNGP document
Conduct bi-annual program review	Provided technical inputs to assure the quality of progress reports
Conduct annual program review	 Provided technical support to organize NAC and TASC meetings
Develop Promotional materials for local level and develop two innovative ICT products	Facilitated to prepare handbook on local governance

Quarter 3

No specific activities planned under Output 8